Name of Teacher Candidate	Ashweena R	Ashweena RUMAJOGEE							
Subject(s)	Science	Level/grade	6	Strand(s)	The Ontario Curriculum, Science, Grade 1 to 8 (2007)				
Title	impact biodicharacteristi Finally, stud	-based unit is an introduct iversity and identify ways cs of living things and cla lents will understand the c its benefits to humans.	of preserving b ssify diverse or	biodiversity. Studen ganisms according	ts will investigate the to specific features.				
Overall Expectation(s) addressed	d:								
Understanding Life Systems									
1. assess human impacts on bio	•								
2. investigate the characteristic	0 0	• •		0 1					
3. demonstrate an understandir	ng of biodiversity	y, its contributions to the s	tability of natu	ral systems, and its	benefits to humans.				
Specific Expectations addressed:	•								
1.1 analyse a local issue related 1.2 assess the benefits that hun 2.1 follow established safety pr wash hands after exploring a h 2.4 use appropriate science and vertebrate, invertebrate, stabili 2.5 use a variety of forms to co 3.2 demonstrate an understand animal, among species of plant them	nan societies der rocedures for our abitat d technology voc ty, characteristic ommunicate with ing of biodiversi	ive from biodiversity and tdoor activities and field v abulary, including classif s, and organism, in oral an different audiences and f ty as the variety of life on	he problems the ork (e.g., stay cation, biodive d written composed or a variety of p earth, includin	hat occur when biod with a partner when ersity, natural comm munication purposes g variety within eac	liversity is diminished n exploring habitats; nunity, interrelationships, ch species of plant and				

3.4 describe ways in which biodiversity within and among communities is important for maintaining the resilience of these communities

3.5 describe interrelationships within species, between species and between species and their environment, and explain how these interrelationships sustain biodiversity

3.6 identify everyday products that come from a diversity of organisms

3.7 explain how invasive species reduce biodiversity in local environments

Explain how the Essential Question addresses the following:

- **centrality** (captures a topic central to students' lives)
- engagement (why are students likely to engage with this topic?)
- accessibility (how does the essential question lead to a unit that is easily accessible to all students?), and
- connections (connections between this connection and other learning in the course)

The question will prompt students to investigate biodiversity as it includes the diversity of individuals, species, and ecosystems. Students will classify the components within a diverse system and will begin to understand the connection among components. Because all living things are connected, students will also touch on the importance of maintaining diversity as critical to the health of the planet.

	o Achievement Chart Categories (check \checkmark that apply)	By the end of the unit, stude (complete the phrase for releva	ents will be able to ant categories in right hand column)
\checkmark	Knowledge & Understanding	e.g., Define key terms	Students will understand that biodiversity includes diversity among individuals, species, and ecosystems. Students will know how to classify living things and will use appropriate vocabulary.
\checkmark	Thinking	e.g., Use mathematical processes	When assessing human impacts on species and ecosystems students will be given opportunities to look at a variety of points of view. They should consider how and why the perspectives of developers, people concerned about the environment, and residents of the local

			community might be similar or different. Through thoughtful consideration of various viewpoints and biases, students not only can look for ways in which people might come to an agreement on how to minimize the negative impact of their actions, but also will be able to make more informed decisions about their own positions and about action they can take to preserve it.
\checkmark	Communication	e.g., Share understanding with others	Through their project they will be able to share what they have learned from this unit with classmates, other teachers and even parents.
\checkmark	Application	e.g., Apply it in a new context, problem solve	The various activities we will be doing in this Unit will help students to apply their knowledge. Ex The Concept Map, The scientific journal etc

Summative Task Briefly describe the summative task for this unit. Consider the triangulation of data through Observations, Products, and Conversations. Note: In the appendices, include a **Student instruction handout** for the summative task, and the **Evaluation Tool** you will be using.

PHOTOGRAPHY PROJECT & SCIENTIFIC RESPONSE JOURNAL

PHOTOGRAPHY PROJECT: In groups of two, students will either choose pics from a magazine or online (What is biodiversity?). of various living things to show they understand what biodiversity is. Using their photos selected, students will make a class biodiversity themed photo exhibit where other classes, teachers (and maybe parents) will be invited to view the photographs and speak to the students about their projects. The photography project supports various learners, including English-language learners.

SCIENTIFIC RESPONSE JOURNAL: This is an individual task where students will respond to one key question presented in the unit at the end of each class. Students are expected to make

- connections to the texts, activities, and experiences throughout the unit.

- Students will explore, analyse, question, interpret, and reflect in order to gain an enriched appreciation or understanding of the benefits of biodiversity.
- Prompts can be as follows: "Using the information you learned in this unit, answer the following question: How does biodiversity benefit human societies?"

Lesson Breakdown

Lesson	Specific Expectations Number reference from curriculum	Learning Intention What are students learning this lesson?	Success Criteria How will students be able to show what they have learned?	Instructional and/or Learning Strategy Chosen strategy matches the learning intention, maximizes DI opportunities, considers students' strengths and needs?	Assessment Tool Feedback for teaching and learning	Assessment Purpose For, As, Of Learning		Purpose For, As, Of		Purpose For, As, Of Learning		Purpose For, As, Of Learning		Purpose For, As, Of Learning		Purpose For, As, Of Learning		ass (tea	io is essing? cher, peer, dent?)
Example	1.3, 1.5	By the end of this lesson, students will be able to understand the difference between x and y	I will know I am successful because I can define "key term(s)" and provide three examples	Think/Pair/Share Venn diagram Round robin	Exit card with definitions in twitter length		For As Of		Teacher Student Peer										
1. Intro Lesson What is biodiversity and diagnostic (pre- assessment) Big Ideas	 2.5 use a variety of forms to communicate with different audiences and for a variety of purposes 3.2 demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity as the variety of life 	By the end of this lesson, students will be able to share all the diversity they saw outside. Students will be able to complete a short pre assessment test that the teacher	I will know that I am successful when I am able to design a <i>Concept</i> <i>map</i> and write a <i>pre-</i> <i>assessment</i> <i>test.</i>	-Task Cards with the X sign -Journaling: Using their science journal -Diagnostic Paper -KWHL chart Catering for Visual, Auditory and	Unit Diagnostic Test	\checkmark	For As Of		Teacher Student Peer										

 Concept Map and Discussion Diagnostic Test First Entry for Scientific Journal KWHL chart 	on earth, including variety within each species of plant and animal, among species of plants and animals in communities, and among communities and the physical landscapes that support them	can use to gauge what students are interested in and what they already know about biodiversity. As an exit card activity, they will write in their science journals about what they learned today and fill in a KWHL chart.		Kinaesthetic Learners					
2. Lesson 2	1.2 assess the benefits that	By the end of this lesson, students	I will know I am successful	-Carousel (stations for discussion and	-Observation -Product	\checkmark	For As	\checkmark	Teacher Student
Basic Concepts of Biodiversity Big Ideas 1. Carousel and Discussion 2. Word Wall	human societies derive from biodiversity and the problems that occur when biodiversity is diminished 2.4 use appropriate science and technology vocabulary, including classification, biodiversity, natural	will be able to participate in a <i>carousel</i> , where they will be able to rotate around the room and answer open- ended questions that pertain to biodiversity. Students will identify unit vocabulary and create a <i>word</i> <i>wall.</i> The overall	when I am able to participate in the carousel discussion (Students will rotate and discuss with other students on the questions that were asked on the Carousel Table) -Word wall success criteria:	brainstorming) -Discussion -Word Wall (individual) - Journaling: Using their science journal Catering for Visual and Auditory Learners			Of	✓	Peer

r		I	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
community,	00	□ I wrote my			
interrelation	-	word on the			
vertebrate,	the students to be	front of the			
invertebrate		card in large,			
stability,	appropriate	neat letters.			
characteristi		\Box I gave a			
and organism		good			
oral and wri	5	definition of			
communicat	tion show they know	my word.			
2.5 use a var	riety what biodiversity	\Box I included			
of forms to	is.	an example of			
communicat		my word.			
with differen		□ I included a			
audiences an	nd for	neatly-done			
a variety of		picture.			
purposes		\Box I used class			
3.2 demonst		time			
an understar	0	appropriately.			
of biodivers	•				
the variety of	of life				
on earth,					
including va	•				
within each					
species of p	lant				
and animal,					
among spec	ies of				
plants and					
animals in					
communitie	s, and				
among					
communitie					
the physical					

	landscapes that support them 3.4 describe ways in which biodiversity within and among communities is important for maintaining the resilience of these communities 3.6 identify everyday products that come from a diversity of organisms								
3. Lesson 3 -	3.2 demonstrate	The lesson will	I will know I	-Tiering is used here	- Checklist	\checkmark	For	\checkmark	Teacher
'The Wump	an understanding of biodiversity as	help promote student's literacy	am successful when I am	to see how ready the students are.	- Co-creation of success		As		Student
<i>World'</i> This lesson will use a book to promote new and deeper understanding of human influence on ecosystems.	the variety of life on earth, including variety within each species of plant and animal, among species of plants and animals in communities, and	student's interacy skills through creative writing and drawing. Students will read the book and then rewrite the ending of the book. By the end of the lesson students	when I am able to write an alternative ending to the book. (Hand out sheets titled "The Wump World" . Read over with class) Depending on student	Depending on their readiness they can do one or both activities. -Read Aloud -Think-Pair-Share - Journaling: Using their science journal	of success criteria - Product (Written Assessment)		Of		Peer

<i>`The happy little</i>	among	will be able to	readiness,	Catering for Visual					
wumps are the only	communities and	think of ways that	teacher may	and Auditory					
inhabitants of a	the physical	humans affect the	want to	Learners					
lush green planet,	landscapes that	environment.	consider	Leathers					
brimming with rivers, lakes, edible	support them	They will help to	assigning both						
grasses, and	* *	brainstorm a list	0 0						
bumbershoot trees.	3.4 describe ways		activities, or						
Strange blue creatures called	in which	on the board, as a	giving						
Pollutians arrive,	biodiversity	class, and develop	students a						
and the wumps are	within and	a concept map.	choice in the						
driven underground	among	2. After looking	activity they						
as their home is soon destroyed by	communities is	at cover, ask	complete.						
giant machinery,	important for	students to predict	~						
freeways, and	maintaining the	what the story	-Co-create						
skyscrapers.'	resilience of	will be about.	success						
	these	Have a few	criteria with						
As Extension:	communities	students share	students on						
They can draw		their ideas with	the						
what that		the class.	smartboard.						
ending will		3. Read the book	-Have						
look like.		to the class and	students hand						
		put up the	in their						
Big Ideas:		discussion	assignments,						
Promoting		questions on the	and assess						
Literacy		board. Ask	according to						
through		students to discuss	the success						
Science.		with their elbow	criteria						
		partner.							
4. Lesson 4 -	1.1 analyse a	By the end of this	I know I am	-Interactive lesson	-Observation		For	\checkmark	Teacher
Importance of	local issue related	lesson students	successful	to cater for	and	\checkmark	As		Student
Biodiversity	to biodiversity,	will have an	when I help	Kinaesthetic/Visual	Conversation		Of		Peer
	propose action	interactive	create a 'Web	learners	with small		5.		
Big Ideas:	that can be taken	introduction to the	of Life'		groups				
	to preserve	importance of							

Web of Life	biodiversity, and	Biodiversity.	Interactive	-Brainstorming on		
Activity	act on the	Students will	lesson.	Chart paper with a		
	proposal	create a "Web of	(Each student	partner		
	1.2 assess the	Life" through a	will represent a	- Journaling: Using		
	benefits that	game-like	'living thing' They will use a	their science journal		
	human societies	activity. They will	ball of yarn and			
	derive from	then work in	will throw it to			
	biodiversity and	small groups to	the next person			
	the problems that	review and reflect	who represent			
	occur when	on this activity	something they depend on for			
	biodiversity is	before	survival.			
	diminished	brainstorming	Through this			
	3.4 describe ways	some solutions.	lesson students			
	in which	This reflection	get to see how living and non-			
	biodiversity	and brainstorming	living things are			
	within and	will assist them	interconnected.)			
	among	for their	-			
	communities is	independent	I am			
	important for	"Awareness	successful			
	maintaining the	Poster"	when I can			
	resilience of	assignment later this unit.	answer the			
	these communities	this unit.	question 'How can a			
	3.5 describe		small change			
	interrelationships		affect life?'			
	within species,					
	between species		Students work			
	and between		in pairs to			
	species and their		answer the			
	environment, and		following			
	explain how		questions and			
	these		jot their			
	interrelationships		Ĩ			

	sustain biodiversity 3.7 explain how invasive species reduce biodiversity in local environments		answer on chart paper a) How are we (humans) affecting the ecosystem? b) What can we do to help? Individually? Nationally? Globally?				
5. Lesson 5 Classifying Animals	3.5 describe interrelationships within species, between species and between species and their environment, and explain how these interrelationships sustain biodiversity 2.4 use appropriate science and technology vocabulary, including classification, biodiversity, natural	By the end of this lesson I will break down each category of animals and understand animal groups. The teacher will then lead a discussion about the Animal groups, creating a word web on the white board as students discuss the characteristics and types of animals (Mammal, Bird, Amphibian,	I know I am successful when I will fill out a graphic organizer, identifying and sorting the key information about each Animal group. I will also complete a worksheet on the groups of Animals. The worksheet will include definitions, some	Graphic Organizer Worksheet	-Student Product	For As Of	Teacher Student Peer

	community, interrelationships, vertebrate, invertebrate, stability, characteristics, and organism, in oral and written communication	Reptile, Fish, Insects).	identification questions, and the "Animal Groups Quiz"						
6. Lesson 6:	2.4 use	By the end of this	I will be	A PowerPoint	Conversation	\checkmark	For	\checkmark	Teacher
The 5 Kingdoms	appropriate science and	lesson I will 1. Analyze and	successful when I will be	presentation will be used to identify and	Observation		As Of		Student Peer
Kingdoms	science and technology vocabulary, including classification, biodiversity, natural community, interrelationships, vertebrate, invertebrate, stability, characteristics, and organism, in oral and written communication 3.5 describe interrelationships within species, between species and between species and their	 Analyze and describe how and why organisms are classified according to shared characteristics. Describe how the Linnaean System is used to classify organisms. 	when I will be able to use the modern classification system (Linnaean system) to identify and name a common organism. Also, when I answer the following questions 1. How do scientists determine that organisms are related?	used to identify and describe the Five Kingdoms of living things. Working with the class, teacher will identify three main characteristics of each group, and give two examples. Bean sort activity. Students will be in groups of 2 and will receive a Ziploc bag containing 7 different types of dry beans, such as lima, lentils, pinto, navy, black, garbanzo, and kidney. The students will be directed to sort each of the beans based upon physical appearance. The			Of		Peer

	environment, and explain how these interrelationships sustain biodiversity 3.6 identify everyday products that come from a diversity of organisms		2. Why are living things classified?3. How are living things classified?	teacher should walk around and observe the groups to make sure they are fully engaged with the activity and to answer any questions that may arise. After the groups have completed their sorting, students and teacher will have a whole class discussion based on the following questions: What tools did you use to organize the beans? Why is it helpful to organize or classify items?				
7. Lesson 7:	1.1 analyse a	By the end of this	Awareness	Graphic/Research	-Checklist	\checkmark	For	Teacher
Preserving	local issue related	lesson students	Poster	Organizer	-Product		As	Student
Biodiversity	to biodiversity,	will be introduced	Creation:	~			Of	Peer
	propose action	to endangered	-Have	Creativity				
Big Ideas:	that can be taken	species through a	students					
Poster	to preserve biodiversity, and	video. Students have already been	independently	Use Think-Pair- Share to brainstorm				
Creation	act on the	taught about the	create an	about endangered				
	proposal	effects a	awareness	species.				
	1.2 assess the	disruption to an	poster					
	benefits that	ecosystem can	promoting the	Catering for Visual				
	human societies	have. Students	preservation	and Kinaesthetic				
	derive from	will use the	of these	Learners				
	biodiversity and	internet to explore	animals.					
	the problems that	and research	Compate					
	occur when	Endangered	-Co-create					
	biodiversity is	Species in	success criteria with					
	diminished	Canada. Students	cinterna with					

<u></u> <i>L</i> asson <i>θ</i> .	3.4 describe ways in which biodiversity within and among communities is important for maintaining the resilience of these communities 3.5 describe interrelationships within species, between species and between species and their environment, and explain how these interrelationships sustain biodiversity 3.7 explain how invasive species reduce biodiversity in local environments	will then demonstrate their understanding of the importance of these animals to the ecosystem and suggest ways to preserve biodiversity through creating an Awareness Poster. The finished posters will be hung around the school to inform their fellow students of the issue.	the class for this assignment. Success criteria may include the following: I used the Research Organizer to research my animal. My poster is organized and neat. My poster has a clear message. I used class time appropriately			For		Teacher
8. Lesson 8:	<i>Overall:</i> 1. assess human	PHOTOGRAPHY PROJECT	□ Students will self-			For As	\checkmark	Teacher Student
Culminating	impacts on	FROJECT	evaluate their				\checkmark	
Task	biodiversity, and		ability to		\checkmark	Of		Peer

identify ways of		safely explore					
		-					
-							
		"Self-					
living things and		Evaluation –					
classify diverse		Exploring an					
organisms		Ecosystem"					
according to		Teacher will					
specific		evaluate the					
characteristics;		photo project					
3. demonstrate		using the					
an understanding		rubric					
of biodiversity,		"Photography					
its contributions							
to the stability of		What is					
-		Biodiversity?"					
humans.	RESPONSE	Students are					
	SCIENTIFIC	to submit the					
	JOURNAL	reflections					
		-					
	preserving biodiversity; 2. investigate the characteristics of living things and classify diverse organisms according to specific characteristics; 3. demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity, its contributions to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to	preserving biodiversity; 2. investigate the characteristics of living things and classify diverse organisms according to specific characteristics; 3. demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity, its contributions to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to	preserving biodiversity; 2. investigate the characteristics of living things and classify diverse organisms according to specific diversity; according to specific diversity; 3. demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity, its contributions to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to humans.an ecosystem using the checklist "Self- Exploring an Ecosystem" □ Teacher will evaluate the photo project using the rubric "Photography Project - What is Biodiversity?"RESPONSE SCIENTIFICStudents are to submit the	preserving biodiversity; 2. investigate the characteristics of living things and classify diverse organisms according to specific characteristics; 3. demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity, its contributions to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to humans.an ecosystem using the checklist "Self- Exploring an Ecosystem"□ Teacher will evaluate the photo project using the rubric "Photography Project - What is Biodiversity?"RESPONSE SCIENTIFIC JOURNALStudents are to submit the reflections they made at the end of each class. Response can be handwritten	preserving biodiversity;an ecosystem using the checklist2. investigate the characteristics of living things and classify diverse organisms according to specific characteristics;Evaluation - Exploring an Ecosystem" □ Teacher will evaluate the photo project using the rubric3. demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity, its contributions to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to humans.RESPONSE SCIENTIFIC JOURNALStudents are to submit the reflections the end of each class. Response can be handwritten	preservingan ecosystembiodiversity;using the2. investigate thechecklistcharacteristics of"Self-living things andEvaluation –classify diverseExploring anorganismsEcosystem" □according toTeacher willspecificevaluate thecharacteristics;photo project3. demonstrateusing thean understandingrubricof biodiversity,"Photographyits contributionsProject –to the stability ofwhat isnatural systems,Biodiversity?"and its benefits toStudents arehumans.RESPONSESCIENTIFICto submit theJOURNALreflectionsthe end ofeach class.Response canbehandwritten	preservingan ecosystembiodiversity;using the2. investigate thechecklistcharacteristics of"Self-living things andEvaluation –classify diverseExploring anorganismsEcosystem"according toTeacher willspecificevaluate thecharacteristics;photo project3. demonstrateusing thean understandingrubricof biodiversity,"Photographyits contributionsProject –to the stability ofWhat isnatural systems,Biodiversity?"and its benefits toFreflectionshumans.RESPONSESCIENTIFICto submit theJOURNALreflectionsthe end ofeach class.Response canbehandwritten

Resources

Ret	ference list (include any resources and references to be used)
Bo	ok:
"Tł	ne Wump World"
We	eb Sites:
htt	p://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V1VYmpTikgw
<u>htt</u>	p://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8ya3vSva-nw
htt	p://naturecanada.ca/endangered.asp
htt	p://ed.ted.com/lessons/why-is-biodiversity-so-important-kim-preshoff
	:ps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_vL9WZ9
htt	
htt Ap	ps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_vL9WZ9
htt Ap	pendices Checklist
htt Ap Plea	pendices Checklist ase ensure that you have included the following:
htt Ap Plea	pendices Checklist ase ensure that you have included the following: Class profile
htt Ap Plea	pendices Checklist ase ensure that you have included the following: Class profile Rationale for your unit plan (see syllabus for more information)
htt Ap Plea	pendices Checklist ase ensure that you have included the following: Class profile Rationale for your unit plan (see syllabus for more information) Student Instruction handout for Summative Task
htt Ap Plea	pendices Checklist ase ensure that you have included the following: Class profile Rationale for your unit plan (see syllabus for more information) Student Instruction handout for Summative Task Assessment of Learning tool for Summative Task, including scoring guide/answer key

Rationale

for Grade 6 Science Unit Plan

Course Outline (from the curriculum document) GRADE 6| UNDERSTANDING LIFE SYSTEMS BIODIVERSITY OVERVIEW

Because all living things (including humans) are connected, maintaining biodiversity is critical to the health of the planet. Students will learn that biodiversity includes diversity among individuals, species, and ecosystems. Through observations of a specific habitat and the classification of organisms, students will have a first-hand opportunity to appreciate the diversity of living things while recognizing the roles and interactions of individual species within the whole.

Care must be taken to ensure that all students, including students with special education needs, have comparable opportunities to explore the natural world. When assessing human impacts on species and ecosystems, especially at a local level, students must be given opportunities to look at a variety of points of view. They should consider how and why the perspectives of developers, people concerned about the environment, and residents of the local community might be similar or different.

Through thoughtful consideration of various viewpoints and biases, students not only can look for ways in which people might come to agreement on how to minimize the negative impact of their actions, but also will be able to make more informed decisions about their own positions and about action they can take. In preparation for working outside the school, it is important that students be able to identify and demonstrate an understanding of practices that ensure their personal safety and the safety of others. This includes making the teacher aware of any potential personal dangers of being outside (e.g., allergic reactions to bee stings), knowing why it is important to wear clothing and footwear appropriate for the conditions, and staying within the area of study.

OVERALL EXPECTATIONS

By the end of Grade 6, students will:

- 1. assess human impacts on biodiversity, and identify ways of preserving biodiversity;
- 2. investigate the characteristics of living things, and classify diverse organisms according to specific characteristics;
- 3. demonstrate an understanding of biodiversity, its contributions to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to humans.

Unit Title: Exploration of Biodiversity

Grade: 6

Curriculum Documents: The Ontario Curriculum, Science, Grade 1 to 8 (2007)

Unit Description:

This unit is an introduction to biodiversity. Students will learn about the human impacts on biodiversity and identify ways of preserving biodiversity. Students will investigate the characteristics of living things and classify diverse organisms according to specific features. Finally, students will understand the contributions of biodiversity to the stability of natural systems, and its benefits to humans.

Prior Knowledge Required:

With the current media focus on environmental issues it is likely that students have some background in biodiversity and its importance; possibly without conscious awareness. Students have likely engaged with the natural environment in some context previously. A pre-unit test will be given to assess students' prior knowledge of biodiversity.

Teaching/Learning Strategies Used:

- **4** Activity based Strategies
- **4** Arts Based Strategies
- **4** Cooperative Strategies
- ↓ Direct Instruction Strategies
- 4 Independent Learning Strategies
- **4** Thinking Skills Strategies

Unit Key/Guiding Questions:

- 1. What is biodiversity?
- 2. What are the human impacts on biodiversity?
- 3. How can we preserve biodiversity?
- 4. What benefits does biodiversity have to humans?
- 5. How does biodiversity contribute to the stability of natural systems?
- 6. What characteristics do live things have?

Assessment and Evaluation

This reflects the principles, purposes, and guidelines outlined in Growing Success: Assessment, Evaluation and Reporting in Ontario Schools (Ontario Ministry of Education, 2010). I need to make sure that students are supported in their learning while developing the skills and approaches to learning essential for success.

Types of Assessment

I will make use of both formative and summative assessments in order to support student learning and gather information to report student achievement.